

USER TO INSERT TOPO SURVEY

BENCH MARK DESCRIPTIONS

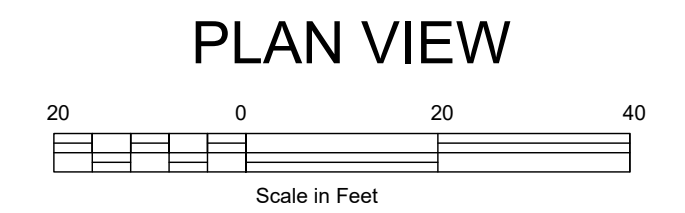
TBM #1 (IP): Elev = ????.??
Top of 1" X 2" wooden hub, marked by witness lath.

TBM #2: Elev = ????.??
Top of 1" X 2" wooden hub, marked by witness lath, near NW corner of building.

TBM #3: Elev = ????.??
Top of bolt in NW corner of concrete.

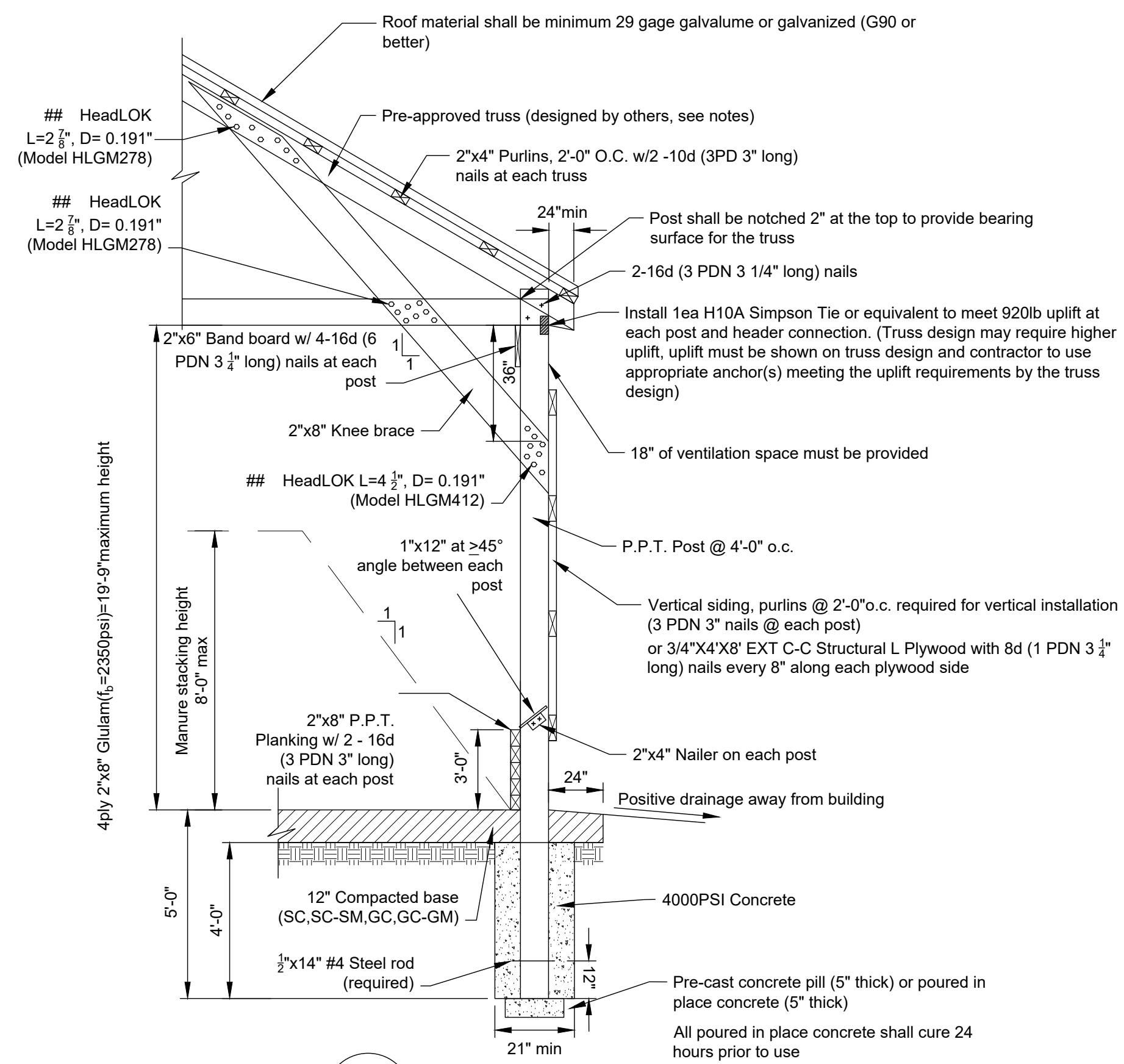
DESIGNER NOTE:

A SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN IS REQUIRED AND SHALL INCLUDE A LOCATION MAP, PLAN VIEW, DIMENSIONS, SOIL CONDITIONS, HIGH WATER TABLE, DRAINAGE COMPONENTS, AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS NEEDED TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT.



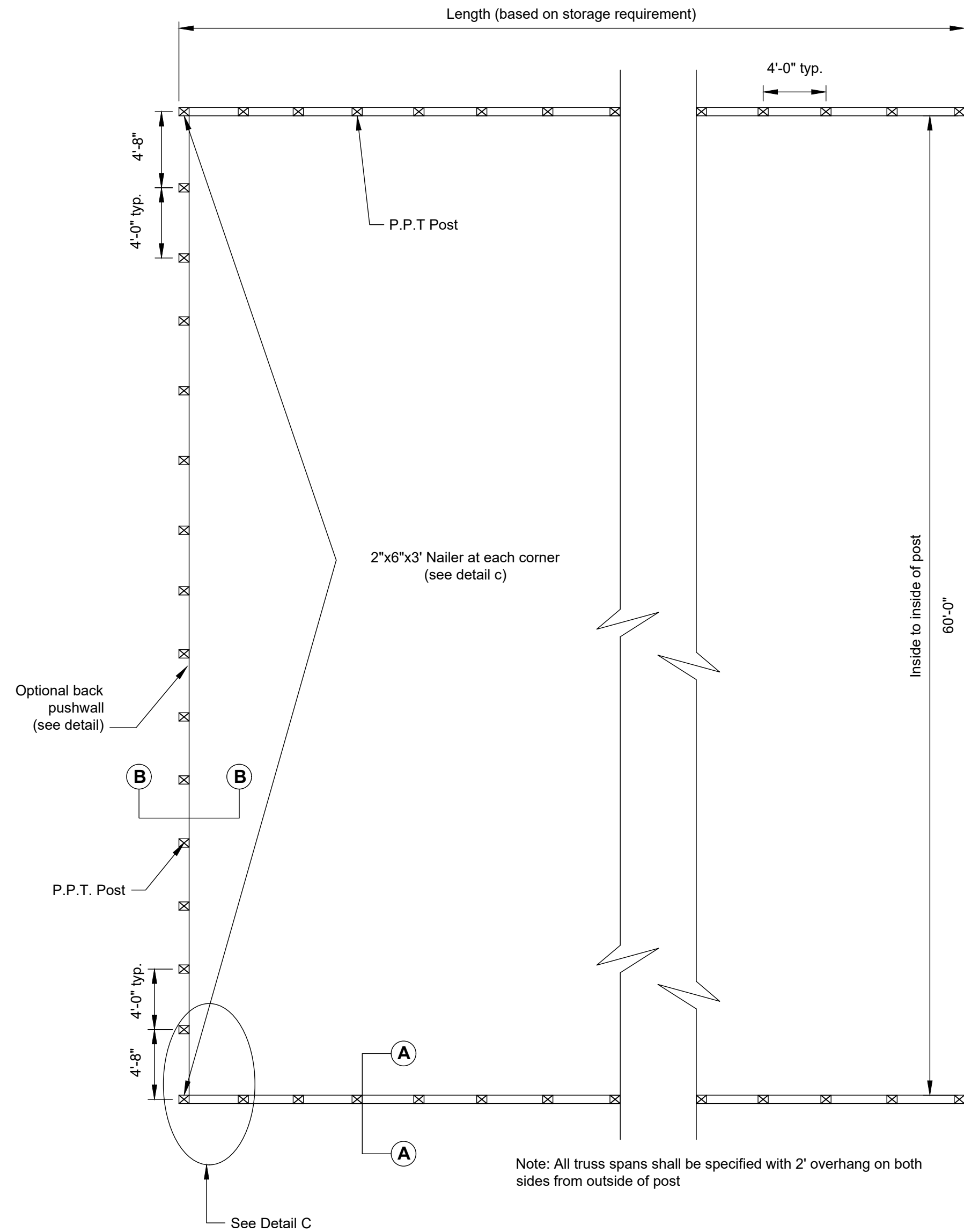
USER TO ENTER SCALE

***DOUBLE CLICK BLOCK TO ENTER FASTENER AMOUNTS**



A-A Section not to scale

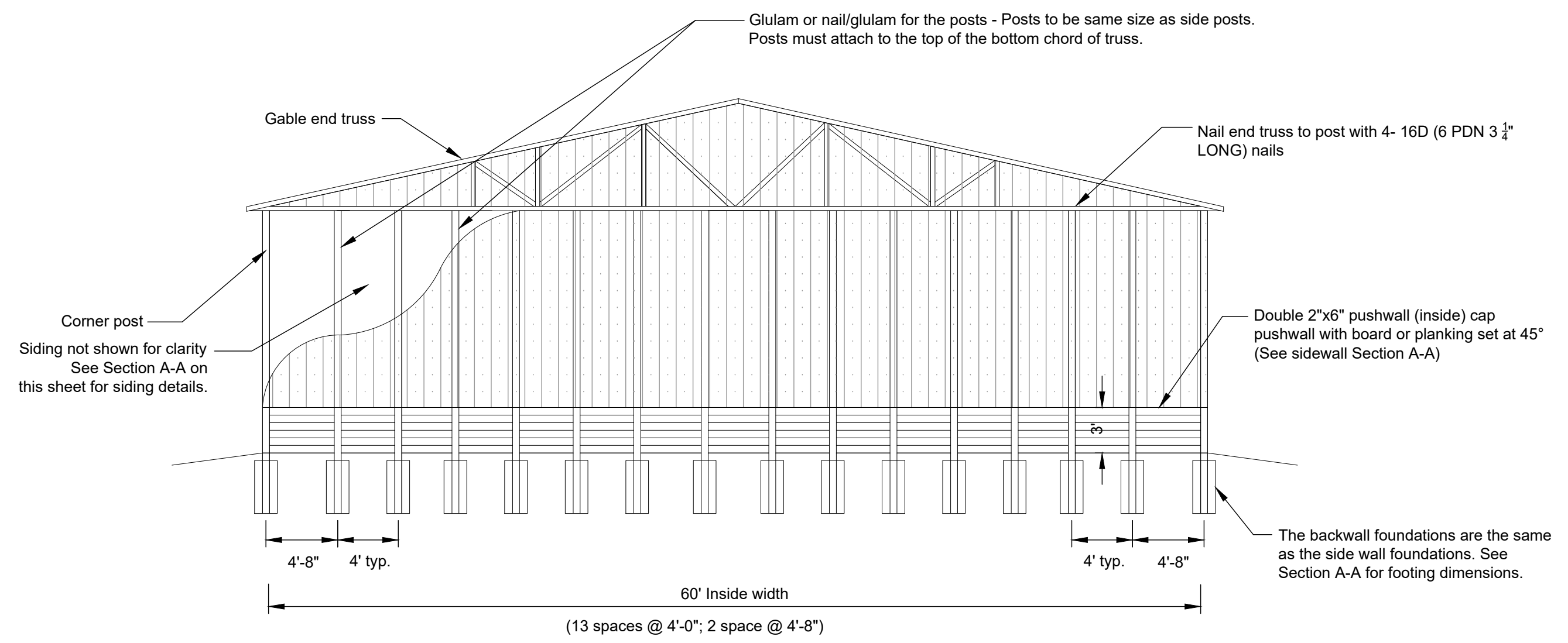
***DOUBLE CLICK BLOCK TO ENTER LENGTH OF STRUCTURE**



PLAN VIEW NOT TO SCALE

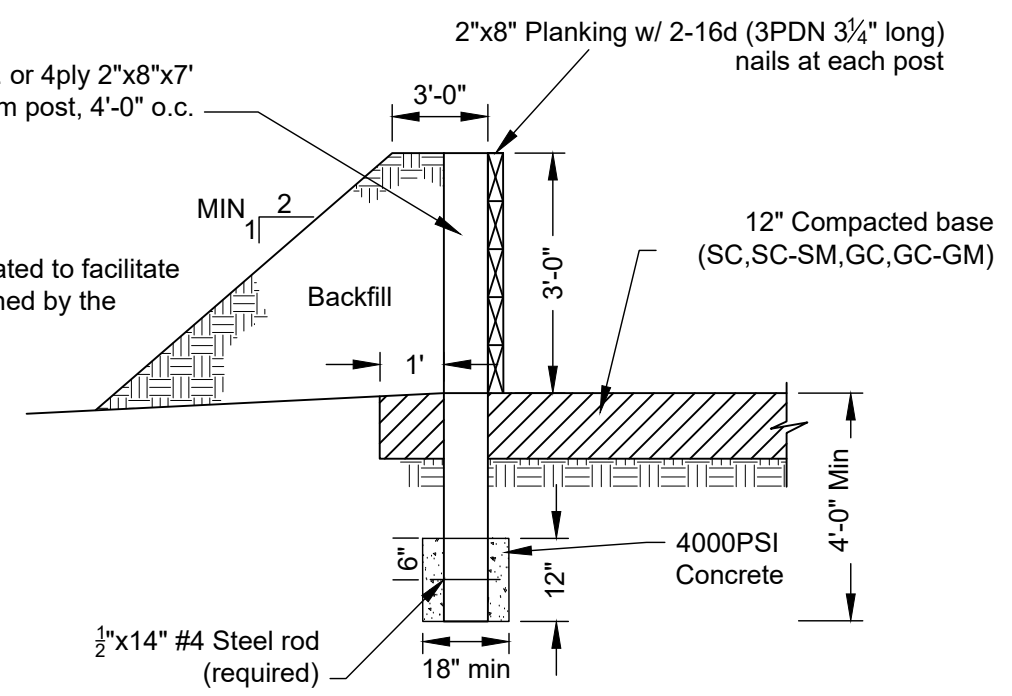
All Glulam post must meet the following specifications:
3ply 2"x6" (5.25"x4.0625") Glulam $f_c=2050$ psi
4ply 2"x8" (7.0"x5.375") Glulam $f_c=2350$ psi

Glulam or nail/glulam for the posts - Posts to be same size as side posts.
Posts must attach to the top of the bottom chord of truss.

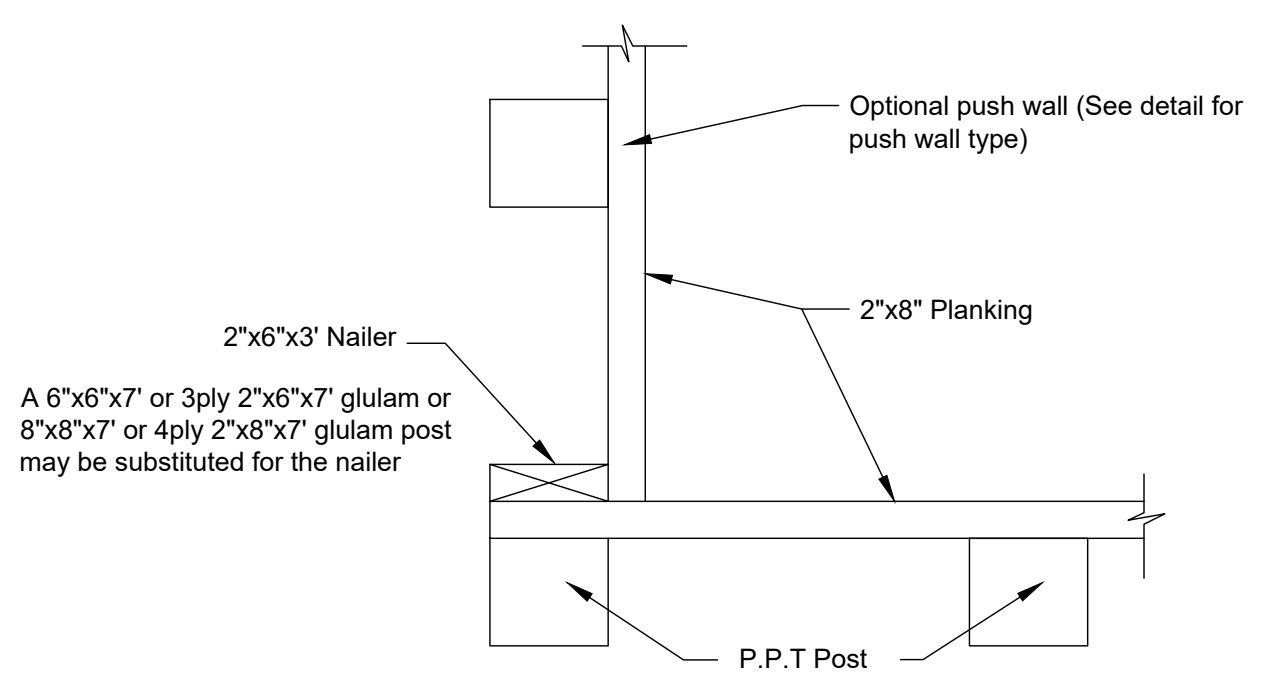


B-B Backwall Elevation Optional Full Backwall

Note: The end wall may be eliminated to facilitate loading and unloading as determined by the engineer



B-B Backwall Elevation Optional Backwall



OPEN BACKWALL DETAIL C Not to scale

Roofing construction note:
Roofing material must be stored properly in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Roofing material must be covered if it is stored outside to prevent premature deterioration.

Aluminum roofing may be used in lieu of steel. Roof shall be designed considering expansion and contraction and compatibility with other metals. The aluminum roofing shall have a minimum thickness of 0.018 inches and a maximum sheet length of 16 feet. Joints shall have sufficient overlap and fastened with stainless steel screws. The fastener holes shall be drilled and slotted and neoprene washers used.

| | |
|----------|------|
| Date | ---- |
| Designed | ---- |
| Drawn | ---- |
| Checked | ---- |
| Approved | ---- |

LANDOWNER - SITE NAME

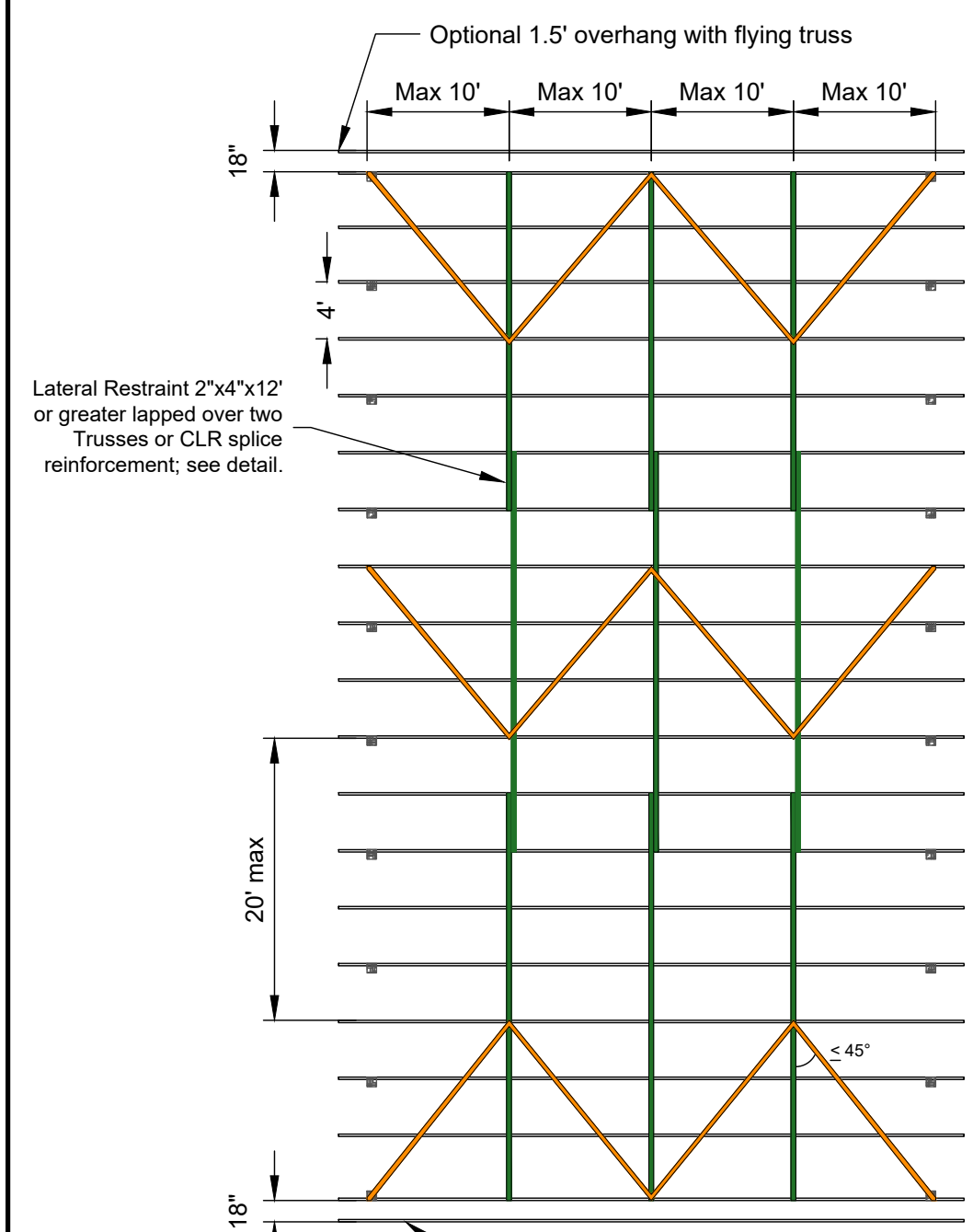
COUNTY Soil Conservation District
JOB CLASS #
Maryland
TRACT #



File Name
MD_0023_PWSS(60FT).dwg

Drawing No.
MD_0023

Sheet 2 of 3



Bracing Notes:
 The truss design sheet from the manufacturer will show the location of the lateral bracing for the truss bottom chord and web members.

Refer to **BCSI (Building Component Safety Information) Guide B10** for truss installation, restraint, temporary bracing and permanent bracing requirements for trusses greater than 2' on center and up to 81' in length.

Nail all connections with a minimum 2-16d (0.135x3.5") PBNs.

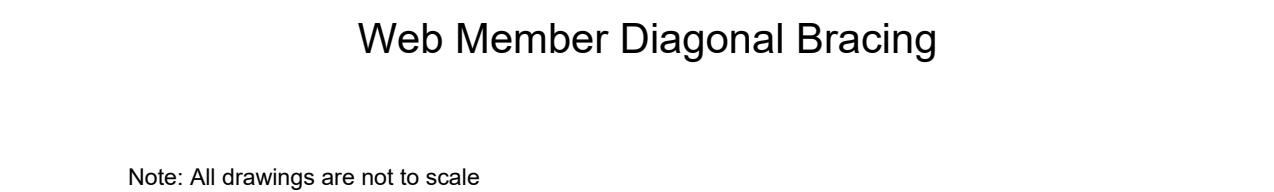
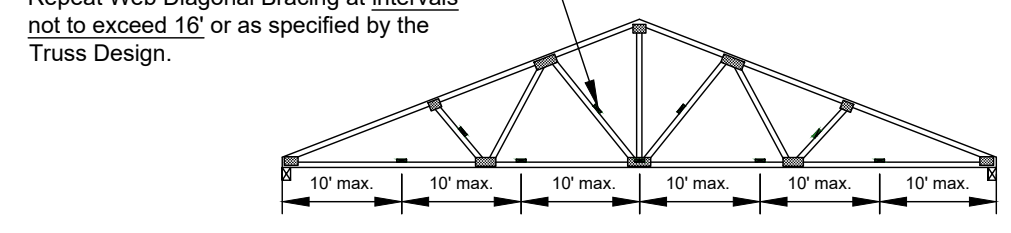
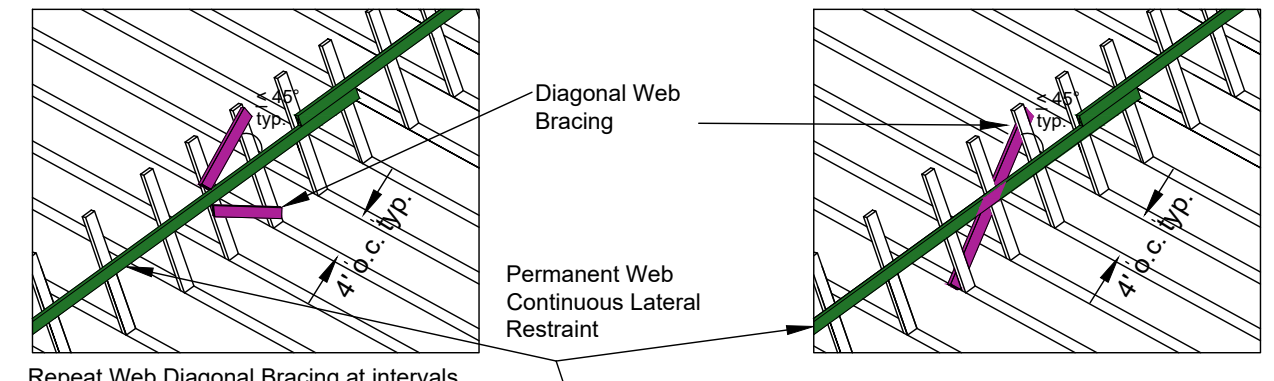
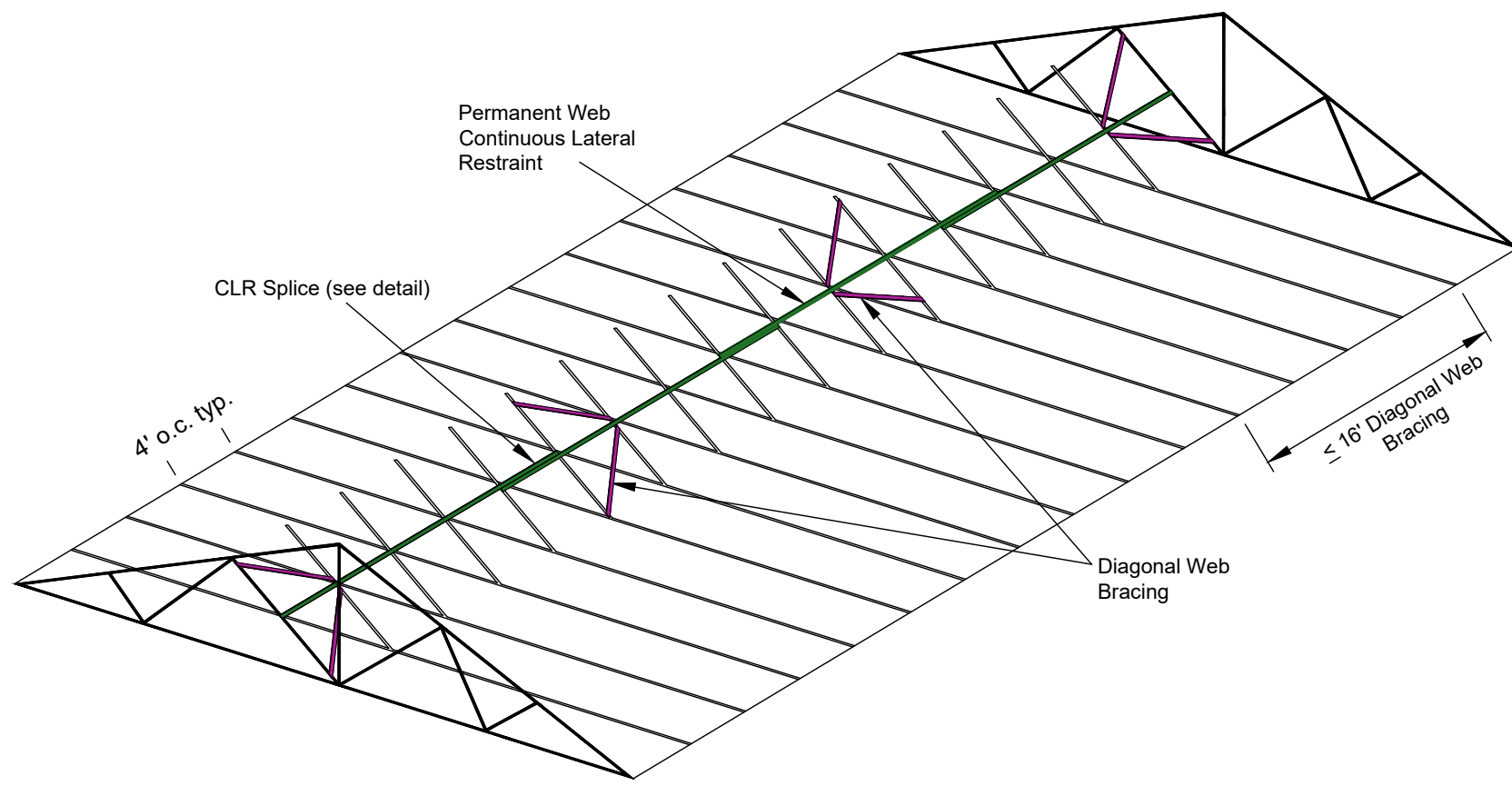
Temporary top chord diagonal bracing to be installed at angles less than or equal to 45° to lateral restraint (purlins). If spliced, diagonal braces lap two rows of top chord lateral restraint. Use two nails at each diagonal brace-to-purlin connection. Repeat at intervals of 20' or less along the length of the building; see left. Permanent bracing for the top chord can be achieved by attaching structural sheathing to the truss purlins and may take the place of temporary top chord bracing during construction.

Permanent bottom chord diagonal bracing to be installed at angles less than or equal to 45° to lateral restraint (CLR) and shall repeat at intervals of 20' or less along the length of the building.

Web members that require continuous lateral bracing also require diagonal bracing and shall be applied by one of the illustrated methods; see right. Repeat at intervals no greater than 16'.

Bottom chord and web member lateral restraint braces shall be applied to two trusses or shall be spliced with a 2' scab block; see below.

Truss manufacturer's bracing recommendations take precedence over those shown above. Use the above bracing if truss manufacturer does not provide continuous lateral bracing details.



Note: All drawings are not to scale

***USER TO ENTER TRUSS DETAILS**

TRUSS DESIGN NOTES

Truss shown on the drawing is for illustration purposes only. Trusses shall be designed and approved by a licensed engineer. Truss manufacturer shall furnish all drawings for bracing required on trusses. Scissors trusses are acceptable with a level bearing plate.

Truss Design:
 Span: (Specify span to outside of post)
 Slope: 5 in 12
 Truss Spacing: 4' 0" on center
 Overhang: 2' 0"
 Gable end trusses shall be sheathed

Truss Loadings: MINIMUM LOADINGS ARE SHOWN BELOW (COUNTY MAY REQUIRE HIGHER LOADINGS)
 Top Chord Live Load, see listing below, Dead Load 5 psf
 Bottom Chord Live Load 0 psf, Dead Load 5 psf

Garrett and Allegany Counties:
 Top Chord Live Load 40 psf, Dead Load 5 psf

Washington County:
 Top Chord Live Load 35 psf, Dead Load 5 psf

Baltimore, Carroll, Cecil, Frederick, Harford, Howard, Montgomery and Prince George's Counties:
 Top Chord Live Load 30 psf, Dead Load 5 psf

Anne Arundel, Calvert, Caroline, Charles, Kent, Queen Anne's, St. Mary's and Talbot Counties:
 Top Chord Live Load 25 psf, Dead Load 5 psf

Dorchester, Somerset, Wicomico, and Worcester Counties:
 Top Chord Live Load 20 psf, Dead Load 5 psf

TIMBER CONSTRUCTION NOTES
 8/2017

1. All lumber below the fascia board level shall be preservative pressure treated Southern Yellow Pine, No.2 KD, 19% m.c. or better. All other lumber may be either Southern Yellow Pine or Spruce-Pine-Fir No. 2 or better unless specified otherwise. Protection such as clear preservative, paint, or pressure treatment shall be required for the plywood. Timber shall be pressure treated in accordance with the chart below.

| Use Codes for Treated Building Materials | |
|--|------|
| Use Code for Ground or Manure Contact Lumber | UC4B |
| Use Code for all other Treated Lumber | UC4A |

2. Glulam posts used as columns shall be CCA pressure treated to a 0.60 retention factor a minimum 12" above the ground line on the ground contact end.

3. All metal hardware and nails shall be stainless steel or hot-dip galvanized (HDG). Stainless steel shall be grade types 304 or 316. Hot dipped galvanized fasteners shall conform to ASTM A 153 and hot-dip galvanized connectors shall conform to ASTM Standard A 653 (Class G-185).

All fasteners, connectors, and any other metal contacting ACZA, ACQ or CA treated wood shall be stainless steel.

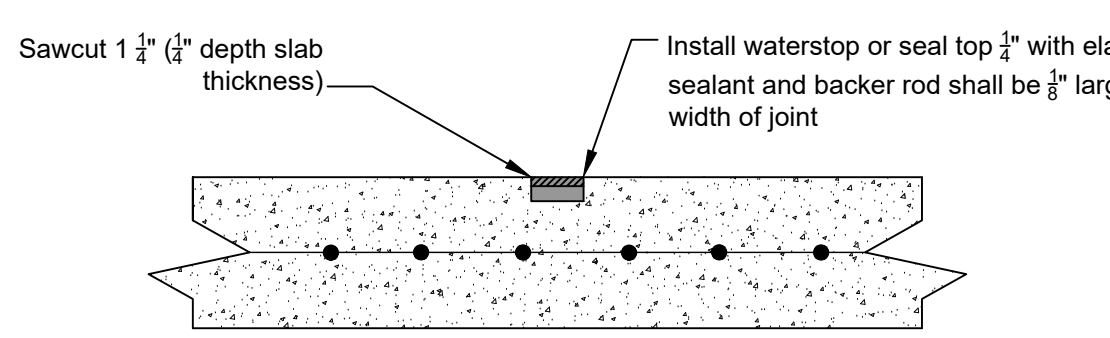
There may be additional products (other than stainless steel and hot-dip galvanized) which are suitable for use in treated wood except for the types listed in the note above. These screws and connectors have proprietary anti-corrosion technologies and are acceptable for treated wood exposed to moisture when used according to the hardware manufacturer's recommendations and **must be clearly marked "for use with" the type of treated wood being used.**

4. All structural nail connections must be nailed with twisted or ring shank nails, unless otherwise as shown.

5. Power driven nails (PDN) shall be 0.131 Diameter or larger, deformed shank, and helical (spiral) or annular (ring) type. The number and length of 0.131 diameter power driven nails is specified in parenthesis next to each connection. Pressure shall be applied to wood members to insure tight joints when using power driven nails. The head of the nail may not be countersunk more than 1/16" into the wood.

CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS
FLAT WORK ONLY - POULTRY HUA
 Revised 07/21

- All materials and construction shall be in accordance with applicable NRCS Practice Standards and ACI-318.
- Any changes in the plans or specifications must be approved by the design approver prior to being made. Changes are to be reviewed by the landowner for concurrence.
- Concrete shall have Type IA or IIA cement, 28-day compressive strength of 4,000psi, 5% air entrainment and a slump of 3 to 5 inches. Air entrainment admixtures shall conform to ASTM C260.
- Reinforcing steel shall conform to ASTM A615, Grade 60 steel. All reinforcing material shall be free of dirt, loose rust, scale, oil, paint or other coatings. The steel shall be accurately placed into position, as shown on the plans, and securely restrained and blocked into position prior to placement of concrete. Insertion of steel into fresh concrete is not permitted. Reinforcement steel shall have a minimum of 2 inches of concrete cover against all forms and 3 inches against soil, unless otherwise shown on the plans. All other reinforcement steel splices shall overlap a minimum of 18 inches. Welded wire mesh shall conform to ASTM A1064 and overlap a minimum of 6 inches. The welding of reinforcing steel is not permitted.
- Waterstop will be used as shown on the plans and at all cold and construction joints. The type of waterstop will be approved by the field technician prior to use.
- Plasticizing or plasticizing and retarding admixtures may be used and shall conform to ASTM C1017 or ASTM C494 Types F or G.
- Concrete shall be delivered to the site and discharged completely into the forms within 90 minutes after the truck leaves the plant. This time shall be reduced to 45 minutes when the atmospheric temperature is over 90 degrees Fahrenheit. The concrete shall be maintained at a temperature below 90 degrees Fahrenheit during mixing, conveying and placement. Set retarding admixtures may be used to increase mixing time. Water reducing and/or retarding admixtures shall conform to ASTM C494 Types A, B, D, F or G.
- Concrete shall not be placed when the daily minimum atmospheric temperature is less than 40 degrees Fahrenheit unless facilities are provided to prevent the concrete from freezing. The concrete shall be protected from freezing for a minimum of 7 days or the concrete shall be kept at a temperature of 55 degrees Fahrenheit for a minimum of 3 days. Accelerating or water-reducing and accelerating admixtures shall be noncorrosive and conform to the requirements of ASTM C494, Types C and E. Cold weather concreting procedures shall conform to ACI-308.
- Concrete shall be kept continuously moist for the curing period after the placement of the concrete. Moisture may be applied by spraying or sprinkling as necessary to prevent the concrete from drying. Concrete shall not be exposed to freezing during the curing period. Curing compounds may be used in lieu of the application of moisture. Curing compounds shall conform to ASTM C309, Type 2.
- Defective concrete, honeycombed areas, voids left by the removal of tie rods, ridges on all concrete surfaces permanently exposed to view or exposed to water, shall be repaired immediately after the removal of forms. All voids shall be reamed and completely filled with quickset, non-shrink hydraulic cement.
- Concrete surfaces shall be screeded, floated, troweled and broom finished unless otherwise approved.
- Fill material under concrete shall be accomplished by placing maximum 8-inch lifts (before compaction). The lifts shall be compacted by the transversing of the entire surface by not less than one track of the equipment or by a minimum of four complete passes with a sheepfoot, vibratory, or rubber tire roller. Compaction around structure (i.e. around pipes, adjacent to walls, etc.) shall be accomplished by placing fill in maximum 4-inch lifts (before compaction) and compacting by means of hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The technician shall determine if the moisture content is suitable for fill placement. The contractor shall make adjustments as directed by the technician. The method of compaction shall be approved prior to placement of fill material.

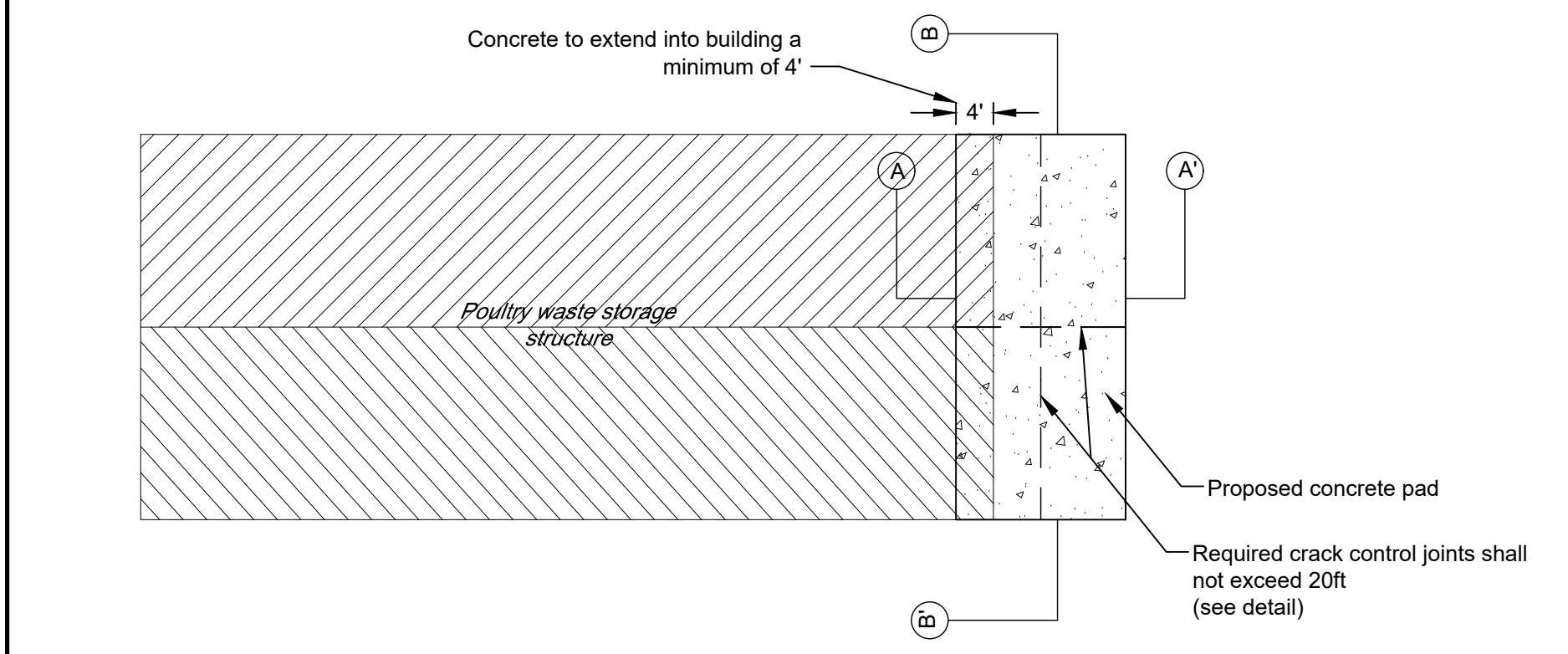


Note: Crack controlled joints are required for all pads. The perpendicular distance shall not be greater than 20ft.

CRACK CONTROL DETAIL
 NOT TO SCALE

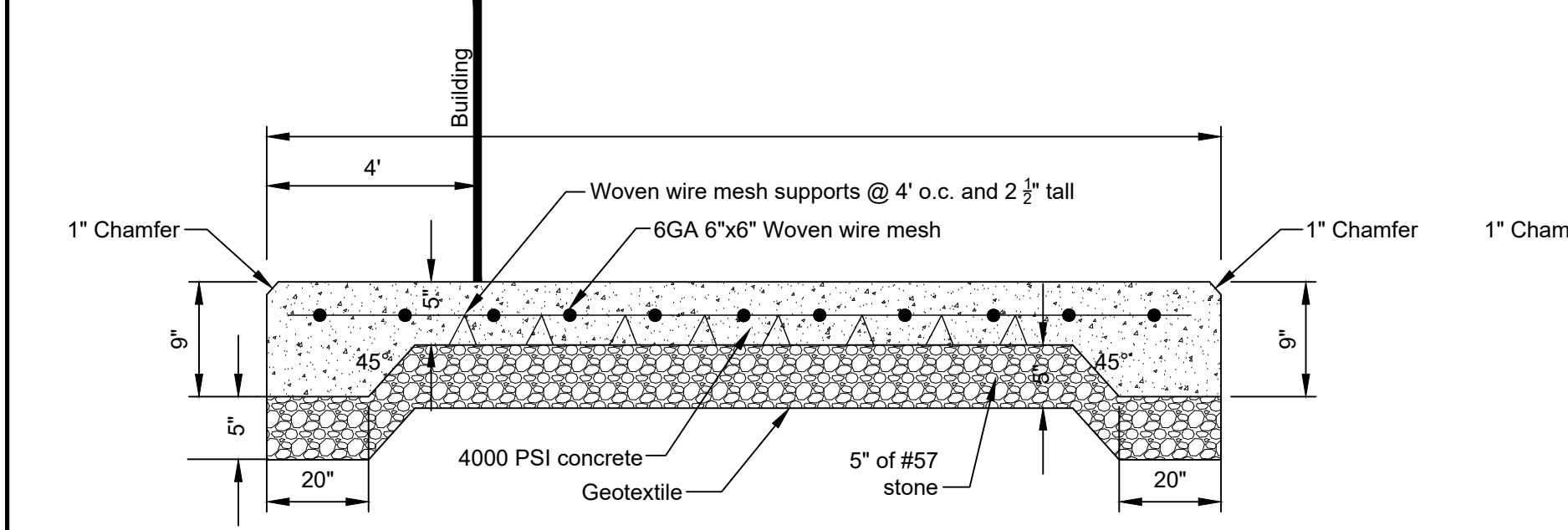
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES AND SEQUENCE

- Before construction begins contact the District Office for a preconstruction meeting. It is the landowner's responsibility to obtain all necessary permits and to maintain this structure in accordance to those regulations.
- All materials and construction shall be in accordance with applicable NRCS standards and construction specifications.
- All components of the completed system shall conform to the lines, grades, elevations, dimensions and materials shown on the plans.
- Any changes in the plans or specifications must be approved by the original plan approver prior to being made. Changes are to be reviewed by the landowner for concurrence.
- Prevent any sediment from leaving the construction site by installing a silt fence where appropriate.
- Salvage topsoil and fill material and stockpile to use for final grading of the site.
- Clear and grub all areas necessary for the construction of the structure.
- Construct pad for structure. Fill material under the structure shall be placed in maximum 8-inch lifts (before compaction). The lifts shall be compacted by traversing of the entire surface by not less than one track of the equipment or by a minimum of four complete passes with a sheepfoot, vibratory, or rubber tire roller.
- The base (SC, SC-SM, GC, GC-GM, USCS classification) shall be capable of compaction to support the equipment wheel loads without displacement. Material used for sub-base shall be approved by the technician in the field prior to use. Compaction shall be accomplished by at least one pass of the equipment used for grading over the entire surface.
- The compacted base shall extend a minimum distance of one (1) foot beyond the outer edge of the post. It is to be placed prior to post installation.
- Construct Waste Storage Facility in accordance with the plan. The finished floor elevation shall be a min. 2' above seasonal high water table.
- Perform final grading of the site. Place fill material around structure in maximum 4-inch lifts (before compaction). Compaction shall be performed at the optimum moisture content with hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. Backfill shall be kept approximately level around all parts of the structure.
- Topsoil all disturbed areas and filter strips using on-site salvaged topsoil. Apply lime and fertilizer according to specifications. Seed and mulch all disturbed areas as specified. All disturbed areas to be stabilized within 14 days of completion.



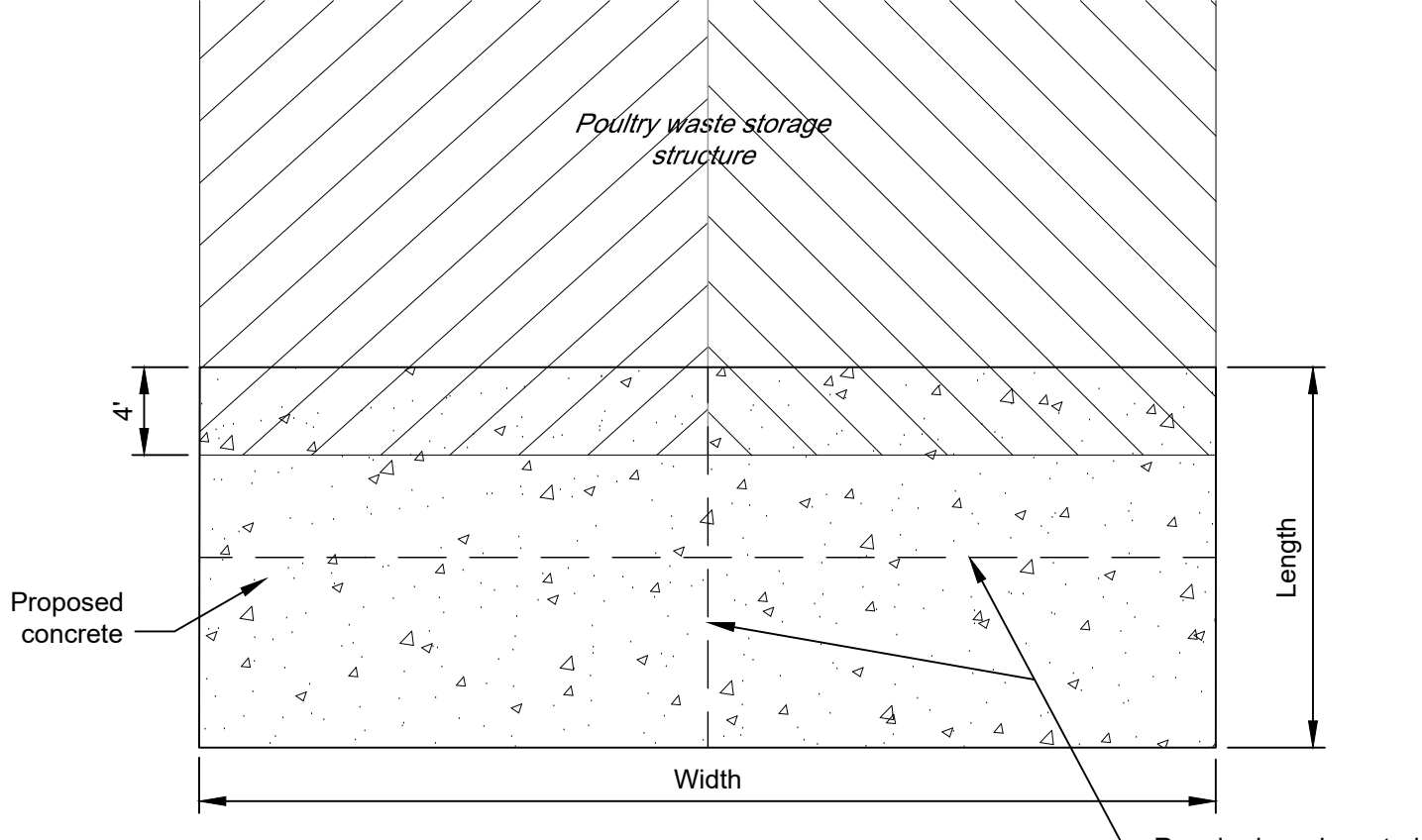
PLAN VIEW
 NOT TO SCALE

***DOUBLE CLICK BLOCK TO ENTER LENGTH OF PAD**



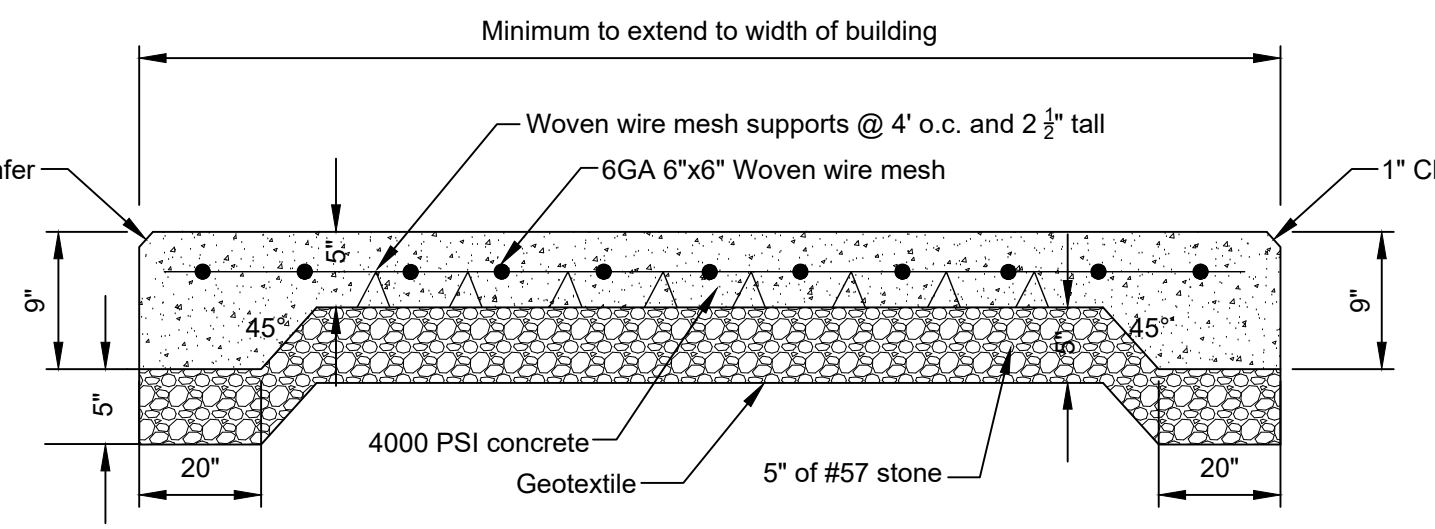
SECTION A - A'
 NOT TO SCALE

***DOUBLE CLICK BLOCK TO ENTER LENGTH AND WIDTH OF PAD**



PLAN VIEW - DIMENSIONS
 NOT TO SCALE

***DOUBLE CLICK BLOCK TO ENTER WIDTH OF PAD**



SECTION B - B'
 NOT TO SCALE

Note: Geotextile to meet the following Maryland State Highway Administration requirements:

| Maryland Application Class | Type of Geotextile | Grab Strength Lb D 4632 | Puncture Strength Lb D 4833 | Permittivity Sec 1 | Apparent Opening Size Max Mm D 4751 | Trapezoid Tear Strength Lb D 4533 |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SE | NONWOVEN | 200 | 80 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 80 |
| | WOVEN | 250 | 90 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 90 |

| Date | Designed | Drawn | Checked | Approved |
|------|----------|-------|---------|----------|
| | | | | |

LANDOWNER - SITE NAME
 #####
COUNTY Soil Conservation District
 JOB CLASS #
 TRACT #



File Name
 MD_0023_PWSS(60FT).dwg

Drawing No.
 MD_0023

Sheet 3 of 3